

117TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# S. RES. 814

Designating the week beginning on October 9, 2022, as “National Wildlife Refuge Week”.

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

SEPTEMBER 29, 2022

Mr. COONS (for himself, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. REED, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. CARPER, Mr. CASSIDY, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Ms. HIRONO, Mr. KING, Ms. SINEMA, Mr. WICKER, Mr. CARDIN, and Mr. MANCHIN) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

NOVEMBER 15, 2022

Committee discharged; considered and agreed to

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# RESOLUTION

Designating the week beginning on October 9, 2022, as  
“National Wildlife Refuge Week”.

Whereas, in 1903, President Theodore Roosevelt established the first national wildlife refuge on Pelican Island in Florida;

Whereas the National Wildlife Refuge System is administered by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service and has grown to 568 national wildlife refuges and 38 wetland management districts, with units located in every State and territory of the United States;

Whereas national wildlife refuges are important recreational and tourism destinations in communities across the United States, and offer a variety of recreational opportunities, including hunting, fishing, wildlife observation, photography, environmental education, and interpretation;

Whereas the National Wildlife Refuge System receives more than 61,000,000 annual visits that—

- (1) generate more than \$3,200,000,000 for local economies; and
- (2) support 41,000 jobs;

Whereas the National Wildlife Refuge System has hosted more than 37,000,000 birding and wildlife observation visits in recent years;

Whereas national wildlife refuges are important to local businesses and gateway communities;

Whereas 436 units of the National Wildlife Refuge System have hunting programs and 378 units have fishing programs that support, respectively, more than 2,500,000 hunting visits and more than 8,300,000 fishing visits annually;

Whereas the National Wildlife Refuge System contains many different kinds of ecosystems, including tropical and boreal forests, wetlands, deserts, grasslands, arctic tundras, and remote islands, and spans 12 time zones from the United States Virgin Islands to Guam;

Whereas national wildlife refuges support more than 700 species of birds, 220 species of mammals, 250 species of reptiles and amphibians, and more than 1,000 species of fish;

Whereas national wildlife refuges are the primary Federal lands that support waterfowl habitats;

Whereas, since 1934, the Migratory Bird Conservation Fund has generated more than \$1,100,000,000 and enabled the conservation of more than 6,000,000 acres of habitat for waterfowl and numerous other species in the National Wildlife Refuge System;

Whereas refuges provide protection to more than 380 threatened species and endangered species;

Whereas 101 units of the National Wildlife Refuge System are within 25 miles of cities and suburbs where 80 percent of individuals in the United States live;

Whereas, through the Urban Wildlife Conservation Program, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service works to dismantle barriers that have blocked underserved communities from full and equal participation in outdoor recreation and wildlife conservation;

Whereas the Urban Wildlife Conservation Program fosters strong new conservation coalitions, educates and employs youth, betters communities, builds trust in government; and connects individuals with nature;

Whereas more than 16,000 volunteers and almost 180 national wildlife refuge “Friends” organizations contribute approximately 762,000 volunteer hours annually, the equivalent of 360 full-time employees, and provide an important link to local communities;

Whereas national wildlife refuges provide an important opportunity for children to discover and gain a greater appreciation for the natural world;

Whereas national wildlife refuges provide opportunities for people from all backgrounds to explore, connect with, and preserve the natural heritage of the United States;

Whereas, since 1995, national wildlife refuges across the United States have held festivals, educational programs, guided tours, and other events to celebrate National Wildlife Refuge Week during the second full week of October;

Whereas the United States Fish and Wildlife Service has designated the week beginning on October 9, 2022, as National Wildlife Refuge Week; and

Whereas the designation of National Wildlife Refuge Week by the Senate would recognize more than a century of conservation in the United States, raise awareness about the importance of wildlife and the National Wildlife Refuge System, and celebrate the myriad recreational opportunities available for the enjoyment of this network of protected lands: Now, therefore, be it

1       *Resolved*, That the Senate—

2              (1) designates the week beginning on October  
3              9, 2022, as “National Wildlife Refuge Week”;

4              (2) encourages the observance of National Wild-  
5              life Refuge Week with appropriate events and activi-  
6              ties;

7              (3) recognizes the importance of national wild-  
8              life refuges to wildlife conservation, the protection of  
9              imperiled species and ecosystems, and compatible  
10             uses;

1                         (4) acknowledges the importance of national  
2                         wildlife refuges for their recreational opportunities  
3                         and contribution to local economies across the  
4                         United States;

5                         (5) identifies the significance of national wild-  
6                         life refuges in advancing the traditions of wildlife ob-  
7                         servation, photography, environmental education,  
8                         and interpretation;

9                         (6) finds that national wildlife refuges play a  
10                         vital role in securing the hunting and fishing herit-  
11                         age of the United States for future generations;

12                         (7) recognizes the important work of urban na-  
13                         tional wildlife refuges in welcoming racially and eth-  
14                         nically diverse urban communities that were long ex-  
15                         cluded, including work—

16                         (A) to foster strong new conservation coali-  
17                         tions;

18                         (B) to provide education and employment  
19                         opportunities to youth;

20                         (C) to improve communities;

21                         (D) to build trust in government; and

22                         (E) to connect individuals with nature;

23                         (8) acknowledges the role of national wildlife  
24                         refuges in conserving waterfowl and waterfowl habi-

1       tat under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (16 U.S.C.  
2       703 et seq.);

3               (9) reaffirms the support of the Senate for  
4       wildlife conservation and the National Wildlife Ref-  
5       uge System; and

6               (10) expresses the intent of the Senate—

7                       (A) to continue working to conserve wild-  
8       life; and

9                       (B) to manage the National Wildlife Ref-  
10       uge System for current and future generations.

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